POSITIVE YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

tual/theoretical, definitional, and methodological issues that need to be

self that moves the adolescent to make contributions to self, family, community and society. This makes leeway for a young person to move into the planes of transcendence where actions and contributions create impacting results on the horizontal plane (impact in the world) and the vertical plane (connection with the "infinite, eternal, personal creator") (p. 8). The hypothesis of the book is that these factors are tied by spirituality as the emotional "fuel" that energizes the process.

The fourth chapter proved to be one of the most useful for ministerial application. Here Dr. Pamela E. King, assistant professor in the Center for Research and Child and Adolescent Development at Fuller Theological Seminary, proposes a practical theology and conceptual model "for understanding how spirituality may be a unique and robust catalyst for [PYD]" (p. 55). The model proposes a means by which to integrate spiritual experiences which can help youth ministries reach the foundational goal of leading adolescents to a personal encounter with Christ.

King's model depicts three dimensions: the ideological context (religious values giving meaning to experiences), the social context (integrating with society), and the transcendent context (reality beyond one-

to be personally present. It is only within the context of a personal and direct experience with Christ that a young person can embrace spirituality in a manner which promotes transcendence and a personal ownership of one's faith.

King offers us five practical suggestions for creating and facilitating these experiences of transcendence. First is transcendence experienced through a profound connection with the Divine, which may have profound implications for identity. This connection is catalyzed by the teachings that allow Christians to understand themselves as "sons or daughters of God" (Galatians 3:26) and also as being chosen by God (Ephesians 1:4).

Second is transcendence experienced through a connection with others by participation in religious congregations. By this, young people see "themselves as members of a historic tradition [and a religion that provides] both a past community of believers that has gone before them as well as a present body of believers that live along side of them" (p. 61).

Third is transcendence experienced through spiritual experiences in nature (e.g., outdoor experiences). When youth are sensually aroused through the aesthetics of nature, they are confronted with majesty which "may promote positive development by nurturing identity formation, a sense of purpose, and/or well-being" (p. 61).

Fourth is transcendence experienced through worship and religious rituals. Engaging in worship promotes one's awareness of the Divine, while engaging in rituals such as the Lord's Supper provides identification with believers past and present and union with Christ.

Fifth is transcendence experienced through spiritual practices or disciplines. For example, fasting from food "allows an individual to heighten his or her awareness and concentration on the spiritual" (p. 62), and praying and experiencing answered prayer may generate devotion to one's practice of spirituality. In addition, spiritual practices such as service to the poor allow fertile ground for young people to learn the intrinsic value of others, practice gratitude and self-sacrifice, and explore different competencies and skills (p. 62).

Intentionally promoting such spiritual experiences of transcendence within youth ministry has "a rich potential for promoting positive youth development in young people" (p. 60). But above all, these experiences provide a conduit by which adolescents can have the experi-

ences they demand in order to embrace as their own the Truth found in Jesus Christ (John 14:6).

As multiple and diverse disciplines continue the endeavour to conduct research and fill the spirituality gap, this book has skillfully achieved a first attempt at a comprehensive overview of thinking, theory, and initial research based on what is currently known about the study of spirituality as it relates to PYD within the Developmental Systems Theory.

Each chapter contains a wide array of recommendations for further